**ING Superannuation Fund** 

Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2020

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# **ING Superannuation Fund Statement of Financial Position** As at 30 June 2020

	Note	2020 \$'000	2019 \$'000
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents			
Cash and cash equivalents	12	384,362	357,377
Investments			
Term deposits	4	182,860	245,753
Australian equities	4	318,010	299,939
Unlisted unit trusts	4	1,884,056	1,972,936
Receivables			
Investment income receivable		2,964	4,166
Unsettled investment sales		2,194	1,360
Trade and other receivables	_	1	1
TOTAL ASSETS		2,774,447	2,881,532
Liabilities			
Trade and other payables		2,311	2,613
Unsettled investment purchases		1,204	648
Current tax liabilities		10,278	7,354
Deferred tax liabilities	10	3,042	16,534
TOTAL LIABILITIES EXCLUDING MEMBER BENEFITS	_	16,835	27,149
NET ASSETS AVAILABLE FOR MEMBER BENEFITS		2,757,612	2,854,383
Member liabilities	7	2,745,210	2,843,744
TOTAL NET ASSETS	=	12,402	10,639
Equity			
Operational risk reserve	9	8,036	6,359
Unallocated surplus	7	4,366	4,280
TOTAL EQUITY	=	12,402	10,639

# ING Superannuation Fund Income Statement For the year ended 30 June 2020

	Note	2020 \$'000	<b>2019</b> \$'000
Superannuation Activities			
Interest revenue		5,429	10,221
Dividends		9,500	11,232
Distributions		74,780	93,883
Other investment income		5,198	31
Net changes in fair value of investments	5	(150,423)	83,600
TOTAL NET INCOME		(55,516)	198,967
Less expenses			
Investment Expenses		(4,828)	(4,470)
TOTAL EXPENSES		(4,828)	(4,470)
RESULTS FROM SUPERANNUATION ACTIVITIES BEFORE INCOME TAX EXPENSE		(60,344)	194,497
Income tax (expense)/benefit	10	12,430	(9,267)
RESULTS FROM SUPERANNUATION ACTIVITIES AFTER INCOME TAX			
EXPENSE		(47,914)	185,230
Less: net benefits allocated to defined contribution members		47,914	(185,230)
OPERATING RESULT AFTER INCOME TAX		-	-

# **ING Superannuation Fund**

# Statement of changes in member benefits

For the year ended 30 June 2020

		2020	2019
	Note	\$'000	\$'000
OPENING BALANCE OF MEMBER BENEFITS AS AT 1 JULY	7	2,843,744	2,664,514
Contributions:			
Employer		207,659	200,684
Member		37,288	38,778
Transfers from other superannuation funds		162,822	187,997
Income tax on contributions	10	(29,543)	(27,339)
NET AFTER TAX CONTRIBUTIONS		378,226	400,120
Benefits paid to members		(406,064)	(379,180)
Insurance premiums charged to member's accounts		(12,335)	(13,245)
Death and disability benefits credited to members accounts Reserve transferred to/(from) members		6,279	4,483
Operational Risk Reserve		(2,024)	(3,787)
Net benefits allocated comprising:			
Net Investment income		(47,914)	185,230
Administration fees	11	(14,702)	(14,391)
CLOSING BALANCE OF MEMBER BENEFITS AS AT 30 JUNE	7	2,745,210	2,843,744

# ING Superannuation Fund Statement of changes in Equity For the year ended 30 June 2020

	Operational Risk Reserve \$'000	Unallocated Surplus \$'000	Total Equity \$'000
Opening balance as at 1 July 2019	6,359	4,280	10,639
Net transfers to/(from) reserves	1,677	86	1,763
Profit/(loss)	-	-	
Closing balance as at 30 June 2020	8,036	4,366	12,402
Opening balance as at 1 July 2018	2,890	4,350	7,240
Net transfers to/(from) reserves	3,399	-	3,399
Profit/(loss)	70	(70)	
Closing balance as at 30 June 2019	6,359	4,280	10,639

# ING Superannuation Fund Statement of cash flows For the year ended 30 June 2020

	Note	2020	2019
Cash flows from anarating activities		\$'000	\$'000
Cash flows from operating activities			
Interest received		6,725	10,014
Dividends and distributions received		9,405	10,890
Other income received		370	31
Group life insurance proceeds		6,280	4,483
Group life insurance premiums		(12,335)	(13,245)
General administration expenses		(15,262)	(14,711)
Income tax (paid)/received		1,860	(527)
NET CASH INFLOW/(OUTFLOW) FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	13 (a)	(2,957)	(3,065)
Cash flows from investing activities			
Proceeds from sale of investments			
Term deposits		325,228	396,379
Australian equities		235,828	181,767
Unlisted unit trusts		561,024	416,068
Payments for purchase of investments			
Term deposits		(262,335)	(388,427)
Australian equities		(266,142)	(176,973)
Unlisted unit trusts		(535,823)	(446,218)
NET CASH INFLOW/(OUTFLOW) FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		57,780	(17,404)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Employer contributions		207,659	200,684
Member contributions		37,288	38,778
Transfers from other funds		162,822	187,998
Benefits paid to members		(406,064)	(379,180)
Income tax paid on contributions received		(29,543)	(27,339)
NET CASH INFLOW/(OUTFLOW) FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(27,838)	20,941
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		26,985	472
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year		357,377	356,905
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENT AT THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR	12	384,362	357,377

### 1. General information

ING Superannuation Fund (ABN 13355603448) (the 'Fund') is a retail superannuation fund domiciled in Australia. The Fund is primarily involved in providing retirement benefits to its members. The Fund is constituted by a Trust Deed dated 13 June 2012 as amended.

In accordance with amendments to the Superannuation Industry (Supervision) Act 1993 the Fund is registered with the Australian Prudential Regulation Authority ("APRA") as a Registrable Superannuation Entity ("RSE") (R1074741).

The Fund is a defined contribution fund. Members have voluntarily selected to join the Fund.

The Trustee of the Fund during the reporting period was Diversa Trustees Limited (ABN 49 006 421 638) (RSE No L0000635).

The address of the Fund's registered office is Level 9, 287 Collins Street, Melbourne, VIC 3000.

Both the Trustee and the Fund are domiciled in Australia and registered with APRA.

These financial statements cover the Fund as an individual entity. The financial statements of the Fund were authorised for issue by the directors of the Trustee on 2 September 2020. The directors of the Trustee have the power to amend and re-issue these financial statements.

### 2. Summary of significant accounting policies

Unless covered in other notes to the financial statements, the principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented, unless otherwise stated.

#### (a) Basis of preparation

These general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board, the Superannuation Industry (Supervision) Act 1993 and Regulations ("SIS") and the provisions of the Trust Deed.

The Fund's statement of financial position has been presented applying the liquidity method, whereby the assets and the liabilities are presented in order of liquidity.

The financial statements are prepared on the basis of fair value measurement of assets and liabilities except where otherwise stated.

### (b) Financial instruments

# (i) Classification

The Fund's investments are classified at fair value through the income statement. They comprise:

• Financial instruments held for trading

Derivative financial instruments such as futures, forward contracts, options and interest rate swaps are included under this classification, however the Fund presently is not directly exposed to or involved in the use of derivative financial instruments. However, some of the underlying instruments may utilise derivative financial instruments to hedge or partially hedge specific exposures. The Fund does not enter into, hold or issue derivative financial instruments for trading purposes.

Financial instruments designated at fair value through income statement upon initial recognition
 These include financial assets that are not held for trading purposes and which may be sold. These are investments in exchange traded debt and equity investments, unlisted trusts and commercial papers.

These instruments are managed and their performance is evaluated on a fair value basis in accordance with the Fund's investment strategy.

### 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

#### (b) Financial instruments (continued)

#### (ii) Recognition/de-recognition

Financial assets and liabilities are recognised on the date the Fund becomes party to the contractual agreement (trade date) and changes in the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities are recognised from this date.

Investments are de-recognised when the right to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or the Fund has transferred substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership.

#### (iii) Measurement

At initial recognition, the Fund measures a financial asset or liability at fair value. Transaction costs are expensed in the income statement.

Subsequent to initial recognition, all financial assets and financial liabilities are measured at fair value through the income statement. Gains and losses are presented in the income statement in the period in which they arise as net changes in fair value of financial instruments.

While the COVID-19 pandemic has caused uncertainty and market volatility during the period, the Fund has continued to follows its established policies and process (as set out in note 3) for managing risk, determining fair values and classifying assets and liabilities in the fair value hierarchy for disclosure purposes as at the reporting date.

For further details on how the fair values of financial instruments are determined refer to Note 4.

#### (iv) Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Statement of Financial Position when there is a legally enforcebable right to offset the amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or realise the asset and settle the liability at the same time.

#### (c) Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of presentation in the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

Payments and receipts relating to the purchase and sale of investment securities are classified as cash flows from investing activities, as movements in the fair value of these securities represent the Fund's main income generating activity.

#### (d) Revenue recognition

Interest revenue is recognised in the income statement for all financial instruments that are held at fair value through profit or loss using the effective interest method. Income from cash and cash equivalents is presented as interest income. Interest income on assets held at fair value through profit or loss is included in the net changes in fair value of financial instruments. Other changes in fair value for such instruments are recorded in accordance with the policies described in note 2(b) to the financial statements.

Dividend and trust distribution income is recognised gross of witholding tax in the period in which the Fund's right to receive payment is established.

#### (e) Foreign currency translation

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses arise from the settlement of such transactions and from the translations at year end exchange rates of monetary items denominated in foreign currencies.

Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at balance date. Translation differences on assets and liabilities carried at fair value and reported in the income statement on a net basis within net changes in fair value of financial instruments.

### 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

### (f) Receivables

Receivable amounts are generally received within 30 days of being recorded as receivables.

Collectability of trade receivables is reviewed regularly. Debts which are known to be uncollectable are written off by reducing the carrying amount.

### (g) Payables

Payables include liabilities and accrued expenses owing by the Fund which are unpaid as at the end of the reporting period. These amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

### (h) Benefits paid/payable

Benefits paid/payable are valued at the amounts due to members at reporting date. Benefits paid/payable comprise pensions accrued at balance date and lump sum benefits of members who are due a benefit but had not been paid at balance date.

### (i) Contributions received and transfers from other funds

Contributions received and transfers from other funds are recognised in the statement of changes in member benefits when the control of the contribution or transfer has transferred to the Fund. They are recognised gross of any taxes.

### (j) Use of estimates

The Fund makes estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities. Estimates are evaluated and based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

For the majority of the Fund's financial instruments, quoted market prices are readily available. However certain financial instruments, for example unquoted securities, are fair valued using valuation techniques. Where valuation techniques (for example, pricing models) are used to determine fair values, they are validated and periodically reviewed by experienced personnel. Refer to Note 4 for details.

### (k) New accounting standards and interpretations

Certain new accounting standards and interpretations have been published that are not mandatory for the 30 June 2020 reporting period and have not been early adopted by the Fund. The directors' assessment of the impact of these new standards (to the extent relevant to the Fund) is set out below:

# (i) New and amended standards adopted by the Fund

There are no other standards, interpretations or amendments to existing standards that are effective for the first time for the financial year beginning 1 July 2019 that have a material impact on the amounts recognised in the prior or current periods or that will affect future periods.

Certain new accounting standards and interpretations have been published that are not mandatory for the 30 June 2020 reporting period and have not been early adopted by the Fund.

There are none to report at this stage.

### (I) Rounding of amounts

Amounts in the financial statements have been rounded off to the the nearest thousand dollars, unless otherwise indicated.

### 3. Financial risk management

The Fund's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including price risk, foreign exchange risk, and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Fund has an Investment Governance Framework ('IGF') established by the Trustee. The IGF sets out the Trustee policies and procedures for the selection, management and monitoring of investments for the Fund. For each investment option offered by the Fund, the Trustee seeks to maximise the returns derived for the level of risk to which the Fund is exposed.

The Fund's assets principally consist of financial instruments which comprise of cash, term deposits, shares in listed entities and collective investment vehicles such as managed investment schemes. The Trustee has determined that these types of investments are appropriate for the Fund and are in accordance with the Fund's investment strategy.

While the COVID-19 pandemic has caused uncertainty and market volatility during the period, the Fund has continued to follows its established policies and process (as set out in this note) in managing risk and determining the fair value of the financial assets and liabilities as at the reporting date. No changes were required to the principles used in applying the fair value measurement hierarchy to financial assets and liabilities held, with each asset and liability continuing to be classified in a manner which reflects the significance and observability of the inputs used in the valuation.

### (a) Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: currency risk, interest rate risk and price risk. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising the return on risk.

### (i) Price Risk

The Fund is exposed to price risk on shares in listed entities and managed investment schemes. These arise due to prices on these investments being uncertain in the future.

The Trustee mitigates price risk through diversification and a careful selection of securities. Compliance with the IGF and supporting investment guidelines are monitored by the Trustee on a regular basis.

At 30 June, the fair value of investments exposed to price risk were as follows:

	2020 \$'000	2019 \$'000
Australian equities	318,010	299,939
Unlisted unit trusts	1,884,056	1,972,936
Net exposure to price risk	2,202,066	2,272,875

### 3. Financial risk management (continued)

### (a) Market Risk (continued)

# (ii) Foreign exchange risk

Foreign exchange risk arises as the value of monetary securities denominated in other currencies will fluctuate due to changes in exchange rates.

The Fund does not have direct exposures to investments denominated in foreign currency. The Fund's investments in the unlisted unit trusts are exposed to international equities and the sensitivity analysis for this exposure is disclosed in the summarised sensitivity analysis.

# (iii) Cash flow and fair value Interest rate risk

The Fund is exposed to cash flow interest rate risk on financial instruments with variable interest rates.

Financial instruments with fixed interest rates expose the Fund to fair value interest rate risk.

The table below summarises the Fund's direct exposure to interest rate risk.

#### At 30 June 2020

	Floating interest rate \$'000	Fixed Interest rate <i>\$'000</i>	Non-interest bearing <i>\$'000</i>	Total <i>\$'000</i>
Cash and Cash Equivalents	384,362	-	-	384,362
Term Deposits	-	182,860	-	182,860
	384,362	182,860	-	567,222
At 30 June 2019				
	Floating interest	Fixed Interest	Non-interest	
	rate	rate	bearing	Total
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Cash and Cash Equivalents	357,377	-	-	357,377
Term Deposits	-	245,753	-	245,753
	357,377	245,753	-	603,130

### (b) Summarised sensitivity analysis

The following table summarises the sensitivity of the Fund's operating profit and net assets attributable to members to interest rate risk, foreign exchange risk and price risk. The reasonably possible movements in the risk variables have been based on the Trustee's best estimate, having regard to a number of factors, including historical levels of changes in interest rates, foreign exchange rates and market volatility. Actual movements in the risk variables may be greater or less than anticipated due to a number of factors. As a result, historic variations in risk variables should not be used to predict future variations in the risk variables.

	Impact on operating position/Net Assets attributable to members			
	Price Risk		Interest ra	ate risk
	-15%	+7.5%	-75 bps	+75 bps
	MSCI Index	MSCI Index		
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
30 June 2020	(413,642)	206,821	(20,682)	20,682
30 June 2019	(428,157)	214,079	(21,408)	21,408

### 3. Financial risk management (continued)

# (c) Credit Risk

The Fund is exposed to credit risk, which is the risk that a counterparty will be unable to pay amounts in full when they fall due, causing financial loss to the Fund.

The main credit risks, to which the Fund is exposed, arises from the Fund's investment in cash and cash equivalents, interest bearing securities, units in unit trusts and other receivables. The Trustee monitors the Fund's credit risk exposure on a regular basis.

### Sensitivity analysis - credit risk

	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000
Cash and cash equivalents	384,362	357,377
Term deposits	182,860	245,753
Australian equities	318,010	299,939
Unlisted unit trusts	1,884,056	1,972,936
Interest, dividends and other receivables	5,159	5,527
	2,774,447	2,881,532

### (d) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund may not be able to generate sufficient cash resources to settle its obligations to members or counterparties in full as they fall due or can only do so on terms that are disadvantageous.

The Fund is obligated to pay member benefits on request. The Trustee's policy is therefore to primarily hold investments that are traded in an active market and can be readily disposed. Only a limited proportion of its assets are held in investments not actively traded on a stock exchange or ordinarily redeemable within a short period of time. The Fund's overall liquidity risks are monitored by the Trustee at least annually.

#### (i) Maturities of financial liabilities

The tables below show the Fund's financial liabilities based on their contractual maturities using undiscounted cash flows. Liabilities to defined contribution members are payable upon request. The Fund considers it highly unlikely that all liabilities to members would fall due at the same time.

	Carrying amount \$'000	Less than 1 month \$'000	1 to 3 months \$'000	Greater than 3 months \$'000
At 30 June 2020				
Trade and other payables	2,311	2,311	-	-
Current tax liabilities	10,278	-	10,278	-
Unsettled trades	1,204	1,204	-	-
Liability for accrued benefits	2,745,210	2,745,210	-	-
Total undiscounted financial liabilities	2,759,003	2,748,725	10,278	-
	Carrying	Less than	1 to 3	Cuestanthan
	amount \$'000	1 month \$'000	months \$'000	Greater than 3 months \$'000
At 30 June 2019	amount	1 month	months	3 months
<b>At 30 June 2019</b> Trade and other payables	amount	1 month	months	3 months
	amount \$'000	1 month \$'000	months	3 months
Trade and other payables	amount \$'000 2,613	1 month \$'000	months \$'000	3 months
Trade and other payables Current tax liabilities	amount \$'000 2,613 7,354	1 month \$'000 2,613	months \$'000	3 months

The liability for accrued benefits have been included in the less than one month column. This is the earliest date on which the Fund can be required to pay members' vested benefits, however the Trustee does not anticipate that members will call upon all amounts vested to them during this time.

### 4. Fair value measurement

#### (a) Fair value hierarchy

The Fund classifies fair value measurements using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the subjectivity of the inputs used in making the measurements.

The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- (i) Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. These inputs are readily available in the market and are normally obtainable from multiple sources.
- (ii) Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly. The Trustee values australian equities using broker quotes, units in unit trusts using the unit price provided by the underlying fund manager and term deposits using purchase price.

(iii) Level 3: one or more of the significant inputs are not based on observable market data, examples include discount rates and other material unobservable inputs. The Trustee values units in unit trusts classified as level 3 using the unit price provided by the underlying fund manager. These unit trusts hold illiquid investments such as unlisted property and private equity.

#### Recognised fair value measurements

The table below sets out the Fund's financial assets and liabilities at fair value according to the fair value hierarchy.

As at 30 June 2020				
In thousands of dollars	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	384,362	-	-	384,362
Term Deposits	182,860	-	-	182,860
Australian Equities	318,010	-	-	318,010
Unlisted Unit Trusts	-	1,884,056	-	1,884,056
Unsettled investment sales	2,194	-	-	2,194
Other receivables	2,965	-	-	2,965
Total financial assets	890,391	1,884,056	-	2,774,447
Financial liabilities				
Other payables	2,311	-	-	2,311
Unsettled investment purchases	1,204	-	-	1,204
Tax liabilities	13,320	-	-	13,320
Total financial liabilities	16,835	-	-	16,835
As at 30 June 2019				
In thousands of dollars	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	357,377	-	-	357,377
Term Deposits	245,753	-	-	245,753
Australian Equities	299,939	-	-	299,939
Unlisted Unit Trusts	-	1,972,936	-	1,972,936
Unsettled investment sales	1,360	-	-	1,360
Other receivables	4,167	-	-	4,167
Total financial assets	908,596	1,972,936	-	2,881,532
Financial liabilities				
Other payables	2,613	-	-	2,613
		_	-	648
Unsettled investment purchases	648	-		
Unsettled investment purchases Tax liabilities	648 23,888	-	-	23,888
		-	-	

### Movement in level 3 investments

The Fund's policy is to recognise transfers into and transfers out of fair value hierarchy levels as at the end of the reporting period.

There have been no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy during the year. There are no Level 3 investments.

The Trustee reviews valuations of the financial instruments required for financial reporting purposes, including level 3 fair values. Changes in level 2 and 3 fair values are analysed at each reporting date by the Trustee.

# 5. Net changes in fair value of financial instruments

Net changes in financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value:

\$'000\$'0Investments held at the end of the reporting period(13,819)15,6Australian equities(13,819)15,6Unlisted unit trusts(120,323)61,5(134,142)77,2	19
Australian equities  (13,819)  15,6    Unlisted unit trusts  (120,323)  61,5	00
Unlisted unit trusts (120,323) 61,5	
	3
<b>(134,142)</b> 77,2	8
	1
Investments realised during the reporting period	
Australian equities 1,576 1,9	9
Unlisted unit trusts (17,857) 4,4	0
<b>(16,281)</b> 6,3	9
Total (150,423) 83,6	0

### 6. Structured entities

A structured entity is an entity that has been designed so that voting or similar rights are not the dominant factor in deciding who controls the entity, and the relevant activities are directed by means of contractual arrangements.

The Fund considers all investments in managed investment schemes (funds) to be structured entities. The Fund invests in underlying managed funds for the purpose of capital appreciation and or earning investment income.

The investee funds' objectives are to achieve medium to long term capital growth. The investee funds invest in a number of different financial instruments, including equities and debt instruments.

The exposure to investments in investee funds at fair value, by investment strategy, is disclosed below:

	2020 \$'000	2019 \$'000
Cash funds	397,263	402,671
Fixed interest funds	157,956	153,148
Australian property funds	99,295	124,866
Australian equity funds	644,536	711,930
International equity funds	585,006	580,321
	1,884,056	1,972,936

The fair value of financial assets \$1,884,055,926 (2019: \$1,972,935,913) is included in the financial assets at 30 June 2020 in the Statement of Financial Position.

The Fund's maximum exposure to loss from its interests in investee funds is equal to the total fair value of its investment in the investee funds.

During the year ended 30 June 2020, total losses accrued on investments in investee funds were (\$138,179,363). For the year ended 30 June 2019, total gains accrued on investments in investee funds were \$66,400,449.

During the year the Fund earned fair value gains and distribution income as a result of its interest in other funds.

### 7. Member liabilities

### (a) Recognition and measurement of member liabilities

The entitlements of members to benefit payments are recognised as liabilities. They are measured at the amount of the accrued benefits as at the reporting date, being the benefits the Fund is presently obliged to transfer to members or their beneficiaries in the future as a result of the membership up to the end of the reporting period.

### (b) Defined contribution member liabilities

Defined contribution member account balances are measured using unit prices determined by the Trustee based on the underlying investment option values selected by members or alternatively relect the fair value of the investments held by the members.

The defined contribution members bear the investment risk relating to the underlying investment options. Unit prices used to measure defined contribution member liabilities are updated each day for movements in investment values.

As at 30 June 2020, the net assets attributable to defined contribution members have been substantially allocated. Unallocated amounts are shown in the statement of financial position as "unallocated surplus" within equity.

	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000
Member benefits	2,745,210	2,843,744
Unallocated surplus	4,366	4,280
Reserves	8,036	6,359
Net assets available for member benefits	2,757,612	2,854,383

### 8. Insurance arrangements

The Fund provides death and disability benefits to its members. The Trustee has a group policy in place with a third party insurance company to insure death and disability benefits for the members of the Fund.

The Fund collects premiums from members on behalf of the relevant insurance company. Insurance claim amounts are recognised where the insurer has agreed to pay the claim. Therefore, insurance premiums are not revenues or expenses of the superannuation entity and do not give rise to insurance contract liabilities or reinsurance assets. Insurance premiums charged to members' accounts and reinsurance recoveries allocated are recognised in the statement of changes in members' benefits.

The Trustee determined that the Fund is not exposed to material insurance risk because:

- members (or their beneficiaries) will only receive insurance benefits if the external insurer pays the claim;
- insurance premiums are only paid through the Fund for administrative reasons; and
- insurance premiums are effectively set directly by reference to premiums set by an external insurer.

### 9. Reserves

The Operational Risk Financial Reserve (ORFR) may be used in certain circumstances to address operational risk events or claims against the Fund arising from certain operational risk events. The ORFR is operated in accordance with the Operational Risk Financial Requirement Strategy. The Trustee has assessed an ORFR target amount of 0.25% of fund assets as appropriate for the Fund. The Fund achieves its ORFR target amount via an operational risk reserve in the Fund.

From 1 June 2017 the Trustee commenced the operation of funding an Operational Risk Financial Requirement (ORFR) reserve within the Fund. Prior to this date the Trustee met their ORFR obligations by accumulating the required Target amount as capital outside of the Fund. As at September 2019 the Fund ORFR was fully funded and all Trustee Capital ORFR was ceased.

	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000
ORFR Reserve	8,036	6,359

### 10. Income Tax

This note provides an analysis of the Fund's income tax expense/(benefit) and how the tax expense/(benefit) is affected by non-assessable and non-deductible items.

### (i) Accounting policy

Under the Income Tax Assessment Act, the Fund is a complying superannuation fund. As such, a concessional tax rate of 15% is applied on net investment earnings with deductions allowable for administrative and operational expenses. Financial assets held for less than 12 months are taxed at the Fund's rate of 15%. For financial assets held for more than 12 months, the Fund is entitled to a further discount on the tax rate leading to an effective rate of 10% on any gains/(losses) arising from the disposal of investments.

Current tax is the expected tax payable on the estimated taxable income for the current year based on the applicable tax rate adjusted for instalment payments made to the ATO during the year and by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the amounts used for taxation purposes. Deferred tax assets are recognised only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise temporary differences and losses.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority. Current tax assets and liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### (ii) Income tax expense

	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000
Current tax expense		
Tax on statement of changes in member benefits	29,543	27,339
Tax on income statement	(12,430)	9,267
Total current tax expense/(benefit)	17,113	36,606
Deferrred tax expense		
Movement in temporary differences	13,492	(7,272)
Under/overprovision income tax	1,809	-
Total income tax expense/(benefit)	32,414	29,334

### (iii) Numerical reconciliation between tax expense and profit before income tax

Operating result before income tax	(60,344)	194,497
Tax at complying superannuation fund tax rate of 15%	(9,052)	29,175
Non-assessable investment income	6,593	(7,066)
Net imputation and foreign tax credits	(7,928)	(12,989)
Under/overprovision income tax	(1,809)	-
Other	(233)	147
Income tax expense on benefits accrued as a result of operations	(12,429)	9,267

## 10. Income Tax (continued)

# (iv) Deferred tax assets and liabilities

	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000
Deferred tax liabilities		
Net changes in fair value of financial instruments	3,042	16,534
Net deferred tax asset/(liability)	3,042	16,534
(v) Recognised in the statement of changes in member benefits		
Contributions and transfers in recognised in the statement of changes in member benefits	(19,055)	21,338
Tax at the complying superannuation fund rate of 15%	(2,858)	3,201
Non-assessable contributions	(27,749)	(32,090)
Group Life proceeds	(942)	(672)
Non deductible benefit payments	60,910	56,877
Other	182	23
Total	29,543	27,339

# 11. General administration expenses

	2020 \$'000	<b>2019</b> \$'000
Promoter fees	13,083	12,729
Adviser fees	1,619	1,662
	14,702	14,391

### 12. Cash and cash equivalents

	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000
Cash at bank	384,362	357,377
	384,362	357,377

13. Reconciliation of profit/(loss) after income tax to net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities

(a) Reconciliation of profit/(loss) after income tax to net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities.

	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000
Operating result after tax	-	-
Adjustments for:		
(Increase)/decrease in assets measured at fair value	75,643	(173,015)
(Increase)/decrease in trade and other receivables	1,201	(455)
Increase/(decrease) in trade and other payables	1,464	3,374
Increase/(decrease) in income tax payable	(10,569)	8,741
Allocation to member's accounts	(47,914)	185,230
General administration expenses	(16,726)	(18,178)
Group Life insurance proceeds	6,279	4,483
Group Life insurance premiums	(12,335)	(13,245)
Net cash inflow/(outflow)from operating activities	(2,957)	(3,065)

### (b) Non-cash financing and investing activities

There were no non-cash financing and investing activities during the year.

### 14. Commitments

There are no commitments or contingencies the Trustee is aware of as at the date of this report.

### 15. Contingent liabilities and contingent assets

There are no outstanding contingent assets or liabilities at at 30 June 2020 and 30 June 2019.

#### 16. Events occurring after the reporting period

Since the end of the reporting period, there has been an increase in market volatility, primarily driven by speculation arising from the outbreak of the Novel Coronavirus (COVID-19). The current situation with regards to COVID-19 is emerging and therefore there are challenges in assessing its impact on economies, global financial markets and investment returns. As the investments of the Fund are measured at their 30 June 2020 fair values in the financial report, any subsequent change in values due to market volatility is not reflected in the income statement or statement of financial position.

Other than the above, no significant event has occurred since the end of the reporting period which could impact on the financial position of the Fund as at 30 June 2020 or on the results and cashflows of the Fund for the year ended on that date.

### **17. Related Party Transactions**

### (a) Trustee

The Trustee of ING Superannuation Fund is Diversa Trustees Limited (ABN 49 006 421 638) (RSE No L0000635).

On the 5th May 2020, Pacific Infrastructure Partners completion of the acquisition of key operating entities and assets of the Sargon Capital group of companies. The purchase also included the trustee business of Diversa Trustees Limited.

Key management personnel include persons who were directors of Diversa Trustees Limited at any time during the financial year as follows:

### V. Plant (Chairperson), appointed 4 May 2017

R. FitzRoy, appointed 21 December 2017

M. Jones, appointed 1 September 2014

A. Peterson, appointed 28 June 2019

F. McNabb, appointed 28 June 2019

None of the directors are members of the Fund.

#### (b) Other Key Management Personnel

There were no other persons with responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Fund, directly or indirectly during the financial year.

#### (c) Remuneration of directors of the Trustee

The compensation received or due and receivable by the Trustee from the Promoter in connection with the trusteeship of the Fund was \$897,594 (2019: \$828,752).

The directors of the Trustee do not receive any remuneration directly from the Fund or the Promoter.

#### (d) Other entities with significant influence over the Fund

The Promoter of the Fund is ING. ING is a business name of ING Bank (Australia) Limited ABN 24 000 893 292, AFSL 229823.

Under the terms of the Trust Deed the Promoter is entitled to receive compensation for services provided to the Fund.

#### **Remuneration of the Promoter**

There have been no transactions between the Promoter and the Fund other than promoter fees disclosed in the Statement of changes in member benefits. The compensation received or due and receivable by the Promoter from the Fund in connection with services provided to the Fund was \$19,263,881 (2019: \$18,456,032).

The Promoter is responsible for paying the costs associated with the running of the Fund, including trustee fees, audit fees, administration, investment management and asset consultant fees.

There were no other transactions between the Promoter and the Fund during the year.

#### Investments

ING Bank (Australia) Limited, a company related to the Promoter may be appointed as the sub investment manager for the Cash Option, Term Deposits and the Cash Hub of the Fund. The investment in the Term Deposits and the Cash Option are disclosed in Note 4.

There were no other related party transactions that require disclosure as at 30 June 2020.

# 18. Auditor's Remuneration

During the year the following fees were paid or payable for services provided by the auditors of the Fund:

	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000
KPMG		
Audit and review of the financial statements and regulatory audit services	100	100
Other services	16	16
	116	116
Ernst & Young		
Tax agent services	55	100
Consulting fees	-	-
	55	100
Grant Thornton		
Audit and review of the risk management framework	3	3

Auditor's remuneration is paid by the Fund Promoter.

### 19. Involvement with unconsolidated investment entities

The table below sets out interests held by the fund in the unconsolidated investment entities that the Fund does not consolidate but holds an interest, set out by investment strategy. The maximum exposure to each investment strategy is limited to the fair value of the investment strategy as at 30 June 2020.

The fair value of the exposure changes on a daily basis thoughout the period is as follows:

Investment strategy	Fair Value as at 30 June 2020	Fair Value as at 30 June 2019	Exposure % (2020)	Exposure % (2019)	Financial Statement Caption
	\$'000	\$'000			
					Unlisted unit
Balanced	1,028,168	1,140,283	55%	63%	trusts
					Unlisted unit
Growth	201,668	198,442	11%	8%	trusts
					Unlisted unit
High Growth	328,554	325,704	17%	13%	trusts
					Unlisted unit
Cash Fund	93,865	79,547	5%	4%	trusts
					Unlisted unit
Australian Shares	71,258	71,950	4%	4%	trusts
International Shares	71,658	69,985	4%	20/	Unlisted unit trusts
	71,058	09,905	470	570	Unlisted unit
Australian Fixed Income	27,352	21,524	1%	1%	trusts
					Unlisted unit
Australian Listed Property	29,591	34,332	2%	2%	trusts
					Unlisted unit
International Shares (Hedged)	22,375	23,286	1%	1%	trusts
International Fixed Income					Unlisted unit
(Hedged)	9,567	7,883	1%	1%	trusts
	1,884,056	1,972,936	100%	100%	

### 19. Involvement with unconsolidated investment entities (continued)

The Fund's investment in each of the unconsolidated investment entities is detailed below:

Unconsolidated Investment Entities	Domicile	Percentage Ownership (2020)	Percentage Ownership (2019)
			. ,
ING Balanced Fund	Australia	100%	100%
ING Growth Fund	Australia	100%	100%
ING High Growth Fund	Australia	100%	100%
ING Cash Fund	Australia	100%	100%
ING Australian Shares Fund	Australia	100%	100%
ING International Shares Fund	Australia	100%	100%
ING Australian Fixed Income Fund	Australia	100%	100%
ING Australian Listed Property Fund	Australia	100%	100%
ING International Shares (Hedged) Fund	Australia	100%	100%
ING International Fixed Income (Hedged) Fund	Australia	100%	100%

As at 30 June 2020, there are no significant restrictions (e.g. borrowing arrangements, regulatory requirements or contractual arrangements) on the ability of an unconsolidated investment entities to transfer funds to the Fund in the form of dividends or to repay loans or advances made to the unconsolidated investment entities by the Fund (2019: Nil).

As at 30 June 2020, the Fund does not have any current commitments or intentions to provide financial or other support to the unconsolidated investment entities, including commitments or intentions to assist the investment entities in obtaining financial support (2019: Nil).

The Fund did not provide financial or other support to the unconsolidated investment entities.

# **Trustees' declaration**

In the opinion of the directors of the Trustee of ING Superannuation Fund:

- (a) the accompanying financial statements and notes set out on pages 1 to 20 are in accordance with:
  (i) Australian Accounting Standards and other mandatory professional reporting requirements, and
  - (ii) present fairly the Fund's financial position as at 30 June 2020 and its performance for the financial year ended on that date.
- (b) the Fund has been conducted in accordance with its constituent Trust Deed and the requirements of the Superannuation Industry (Supervision) Act 1993 and its accompanying Regulations; the relevant requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 and Regulations; the requirements under Section 13 of the Financial Sector (Collection of Data) Act 2001, during the year ended 30 June 2020, and
- (c) there are resonable grounds to believe that the Fund will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable

Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors of Diversa Trustees Limited as Trustee for ING Superannuation Fund.

Director

Melbourne 2 September 2020



# Independent Auditor's report on financial statements

# ING Superannuation Fund ABN 13 355 603 448

# Report by the RSE Auditor to the trustee and members

# Opinion

I have audited the financial statements of ING Superannuation Fund ('the Fund') for the year ended 30 June 2020, comprising the statement of financial position, income statement, statement of changes in members benefits, changes in reserves, cash flows and accompanying notes 1 to 19.

In my opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, the financial position of ING Superannuation Fund as at 30 June 2020 and the results of its operations, cash flows, changes in reserves and changes in members' benefits for the year ended 30 June 2020.

# **Basis for Opinion**

I conducted the audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities* section of my report. I am independent of the entity in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the Code) that are relevant to my audit of the financial statements in Australia. I have also fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

# Responsibilities of the trustee for the Financial Statements

The RSE's trustee is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the requirements of the *Superannuation Industry (Supervision) Act 1993 (SIS Act)* and the *Superannuation Industry (Supervision) Regulations 1994* (SIS Regulations). The trustee is also responsible for such internal control as the trustee determines is necessary to enable the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the trustee is responsible for assessing the ability of the RSE to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustee either intends to liquidate the RSE or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

# Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an audit report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a

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guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, I exercised professional judgement and maintained professional scepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- Identified and assessed the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, designed and performed audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtained audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control
- Obtained an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the RSE's internal control
- Evaluated the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the trustee
- Concluded on the appropriateness of the trustee's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the RSE's ability to continue as a going concern. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in my auditor report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my auditor opinion. My auditor conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of my audit report. However, future events or conditions may cause the RSE to cease to continue as a going concern
- Evaluated the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation
- Communicated with the trustee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identified during my audit

KPMG

David Kells *Partner* 

Sydney 2 September 2020